

# Evaluation

## VISUAL IMPAIRMENT

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**CONTENTS**

VISUAL IMPAIRMENT ..... 1

    What is Required ..... 1

        Eligibility..... 1

        Evaluation Procedures..... 1

    Additional Procedures ..... 2

    Evidence of Implementation..... 3

    Resources..... 4

CITATIONS ..... 4

# VISUAL IMPAIRMENT

## What is Required

### Eligibility

A student must be assessed under the IDEA in all areas of suspected disability. Visual Impairment or “VI” is one of the areas of eligible disabilities under the IDEA.

A student with a visual impairment is one who meets the criteria for visual impairment. The term visual impairment, including blindness, means an impairment in vision that, even with correction, adversely affects the student’s educational performance, and includes both partial sight and blindness.

To meet the criteria for visual impairment, a licensed ophthalmologist or optometrist must determine the student:

- Has no vision or has a serious visual loss after correction; or
- Has a progressive medical condition that will result in no vision or a serious visual loss after correction.

The student with a visual impairment is functionally blind if, based on the functional vision evaluation and the learning media assessment, the student will use tactual media, including braille, as a primary tool for learning to communicate in both reading and writing at the same level of proficiency as other students of comparable ability.

### Evaluation Procedures

To assess for VI, the District or Campus Assessment Personnel will comply with the general evaluation procedures. See [EVALUATION PROCEDURES]. An individual who is appropriately certified as an orientation and mobility specialist (“COMS”) must participate in evaluating data used in making the determination of a student’s eligibility as a student with visual impairment. Specifically, the evaluation data reviewed by District or Campus Assessment Personnel and COMS when determining whether a student has a visual impairment must include:

- A report by a licensed ophthalmologist or optometrist that:
  - states the student’s visual loss in exact measures of visual field and corrected visual acuity at a distance and at close range in each eye; or
  - if exact measure cannot be obtained, provides best estimates of the student’s visual loss; and
  - includes a prognosis when possible

- A functional vision evaluation by a certified teacher of student's with visual impairments, or a COMS, that includes:
  - performance tasks in a variety of environments requiring the use of both near and distance vision, and
  - recommendations concerning the need for a clinical low vision evaluation;
- A learning media assessment by a certified teacher of students with visual impairments that includes recommendations regarding which specific visual, tactual, and/or auditory learning media are appropriate for the student, and whether there is a need for ongoing evaluation in this area; and
- An orientation and mobility evaluation performed by a COMS in a variety of settings including in the student's home, school, and community and in settings unfamiliar to the student.

For a student from birth through two years of age who meets the criteria for AI under the IDEA, an IFSP meeting must be held in place of an ARD Committee meeting and the District must comply with the evaluation procedures for students ages 0-5. See [AGES 0-5].

### **Additional Procedures**

When a referral for a student suspected of a visual impairment is first received, the Diagnostician/LSSP should contact a professional certified in VI for assistance in determining the types, levels, and procedures for assessment of the student.

If the parent does not provide to the District an examination report by a licensed ophthalmologist or optometrist that provides the required evaluation data, the District will obtain such information at no expense to the parent. The District or Campus Assessment Personnel should first request this report from the parent. If the parent refuses, or does not have a current report, and/or is not responsive to the request, the District or Campus Assessment Personnel should contact the Special Education Director or designee for assistance in setting up the appropriate examination. This may be accomplished by contracting with an ophthalmologist or optometrist, asking the parent to obtain the report and reimbursing the parent, or any other an appropriate method to obtain the evaluation data at the District's discretion. A vision screening conducted by a school nurse is not sufficient

The functional vision evaluation and the learning media assessment reports prepared as part of the student's FIE should typically be conducted and results shared prior to additional evaluation by the other qualified evaluation professionals, including school psychologists, educational diagnosticians, counselors and related service professionals, to ensure that tools used and results accurately reflect the student's aptitude and not the impact of a visual impairment. The teacher of students with visual impairments and the

certified orientation and mobility specialist are essential members of the team of qualified evaluation professionals when determining if a student meets the eligibility requirements as a student with a visual impairment.

The District will ensure that each student who is determined eligible for the District's special education program on the basis of a visual impairment receive evaluation and instruction in the expanded core curriculum (ECC). See [SPECIAL FACTORS]. Information relevant to the ECC may be included in the evaluation.

District or Campus Assessment Personnel, including an appropriately certified orientation and mobility specialist will determine the scope of any re-evaluation of a student who has been determined to be eligible for the District's special education program on the basis of a visual impairment after a full and individual evaluation.

If the student does not meet the eligibility criteria for VI, or any other eligibility criteria under the IDEA, or does not need special education or related services due to his/her disability, Campus Personnel should refer the student to the Campus or District Personnel responsible for compliance with Section 504 to determine whether the student is eligible for accommodations or services as a student with a disability under Section 504.

### **Evidence of Implementation**

- Notice of Evaluation
- Consent for Evaluation
- Referral Information
- Assessment Plan
- Ophthalmologist/Optomtrist Report
- Functional Vision Evaluation
- Learning Media Assessment
- Orientation and Mobility Evaluation
- FIE
- ARD/IEP or IFPS

## **Resources**

[The Legal Framework for the Child-Centered Special Education Process: Visual Impairment - Region 18](#)

[Texas School for the Blind and Visually Impaired](#)

[Educating Students with Visual Impairments in Texas: Guidelines and Standards – Texas School for the Blind and Visually Impaired](#)

[OSEP Dear Colleague Letter on Braille \(June 19, 2013\) - U.S. Department of Education](#)

[OSEP Letter to Kotler \(Nov. 12, 2014\) - U.S. Department of Education](#)

[Visual Impairment - SPEDTEX](#)

## **CITATIONS**

Board Policy EHBA; Board Policy EHBAB; 20 USC 1414(d)(3)(B)(iii); 34 CFR 300.8(c)(13), 300.304(c)(4), 300.324(a)(2)(iii); Texas Education Code 30.002(c-1)(2), 30.004; 19 TAC 89.1040(b)–(c), 89.1050(a)–(b), 89.1055(d), 89.1085, 89.1090